# Английский Язык

# Test module 1

## Чалапко Е. В.

A - Vocabulary

#1

1 – c

2 – a

3 – d

4 – e

5 – f

6 – b

#2

1 – keep records

2 – make video calls

3 – access the internet

4 – dispense money

5 – store information

6 – download ringtones

#3

1 – f

2 – e

3 – d

4 – a

5 – c

6 – b

B - Language work

#4

1. that acts as the brain of a computer

2. who invades a network’s privacy

3. that enables a computer to communicate with another over telephone lines

4. who writes computer programs

5. that people use for communicating

#5

1 – f

2 – b

3 – g

4 – e

5 – d

6 – a

7 – c

#6

1 – 6

2 – 2

3 – 1

4 – 7

5 – 4

6 – 3

7 – 5

C - Reading

#7

1. They run on batteries
2. They have a touch-sensitive LCD screen.
3. You use stylus to tap on the letters of a miniature on-screen keyboard, or use a small QWERY keyboard.
4. Windows Mobile, Palm OS, RIM, Symbian OS
5. A) Manage personal information (contacts, appointments, to-do lists).

B) It can be used as a radio, MP3 player, play games, record voice and video, act as a GPS devices, connect to the internet.

C) Some PDAs can also run pocket versions of MS Word, Excel, a web browser and an email program.

1. – PDA processors are smaller, cheaper and less powerful than those standard PCs. The widely used microprocessor reduces chip complexity by using simpler instructions.

– Unlike standard computers, PDAs don’t have a hard disk; they store the basic programs in a ROM chip.

1. – Using a USB cable

– Wireless (by Bluetooth)

– Wireless (by IrDA)

#8

1 – stylus

2 – speech recognition system

3 – smartphone

4 – GPS

5 – RISC (reduced instruction set computer)

6 – non-volatile

7 – wireless

#9

1. Software - Software is a collection of data or computer instructions that tell the computer how to work.
2. Program - a collection of instructions that can be executed by a computer to perform a specific task.
3. Graphics package - an application that can be used to create and manipulate images on a computer.
4. Web browser - a software application for accessing information on the World Wide Web.
5. Hardware - includes the physical parts of a computer, such as the case, central processing unit (CPU), monitor, mouse, keyboard, computer data storage, graphics card, sound card, speakers and motherboard.
6. CPU -the electronic circuitry within a computer that executes instructions that make up a computer program. The CPU performs basic arithmetic, logic, controlling, and input/output operations specified by the instructions in the program.
7. Peripheral - auxiliary device used to put information into and get information out of the computer.
8. RAM - type of super-fast storage that your computer uses to hold data it needs in the short term.
9. ROM - type of non-volatile memory used in computers and other electronic devices. Data stored in ROM cannot be electronically modified after the manufacture of the memory device. Read-only memory is useful for storing software that is rarely changed during the life of the system.
10. Input device - piece of equipment used to provide data and control signals to an information processing system such as a computer or information appliance.
11. Output device - any piece of computer hardware equipment, which converts information into human-readable form.
12. Storage device - any technology -- including devices and materials -- used to place, keep and retrieve electronic data.
13. Keyboard - a typewriter-style device, which uses an arrangement of buttons or keys to act as mechanical levers or electronic switches.
14. Mouse - a hand-held pointing device that detects two-dimensional motion relative to a surface. This motion is typically translated into the motion of a pointer on a display, which allows a smooth control of the graphical user interface of a computer.
15. Microphone - a device – a transducer – that converts sound into an electrical signal.
16. Monitor - an output device that displays information in pictorial form.
17. Speakers - transducers that convert electromagnetic waves into sound waves. The speakers receive audio input from a device such as a computer or an audio receiver.
18. Hard drive - a non-volatile data storage device.
19. DVD drive - a component of a computer or other electronic device designed specifically to utilize digital versatile discs, or DVDs.

PC system

18) Hard drive

19) DVD drive

17) Speakers

16) Monitor

15) Microphone

14) Mouse

13) Keyboard

12) Storage media

11) Output devices

10) Input devices

9) ROM

8) RAM

Main Memory

7) Peripherals

6) CPU

Other

4) Web browser

3) Graphics package

2) Programs

1. Software

5) Hardware